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MERS-CoV Spike Protein (S1+S2 ECD, aa 1- 1297, His Tag)

Cat# P0049

Storage at -70°C for twelve months

Protein Description

The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS- CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

Gene Name Synonym

coronavirus s1; coronavirus s2; coronavirus spike; cov spike; ncov RBD; ncov s1; ncov s2; ncov spike; RBD; S; s1; Spike RBD

Protein Construction

A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain of spike protein MERS- CoV (AFS88936.1) (Met1-Trp1297) was fused with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source

MERS-CoV

Expression Host

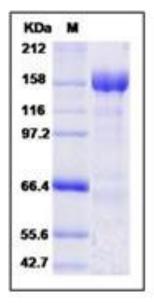
Baculovirus-Insect Cells



QC Testing

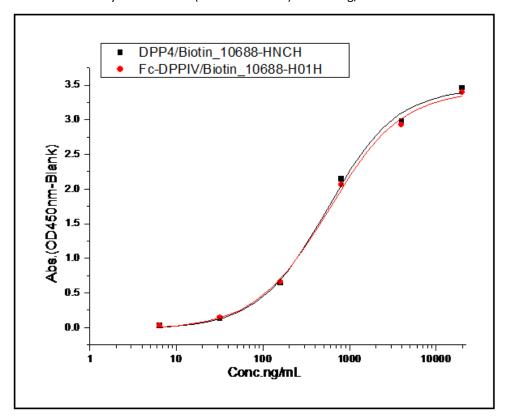
Purity: > 85 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

SDS-PAGE:



Bio Activity: Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA.

Immobilized Sh(2C-EMC)(1-1297)(Cat:40069-V08B) at 2 μ g/mL (100 μ l/well) can bind biotinylated Fc-DPP4 (Cat:10688-H01H) , The EC50 of can biotinylated Fc-DPP4 (Cat:10688-H01H) is 10-30 ng/mL.



Endotoxin: < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method



Predicted N terminal

Tyr 18

Molecular Mass

The recombinant extracellular domain of spike protein MERS-CoV comprises 1291 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 142.52 kDa.

Formulation

Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM Nacl, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 $^{\circ}$ C. Store it under sterile conditions at -20 $^{\circ}$ C to -80 $^{\circ}$ C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

References

- 1. Shen S, et al. (2007) Expression, glycosylation, and modification of the spike (S) glycoprotein of SARS CoV. Methods Mol Biol. 379: 127-35.
- 2. Du L, et al. (2009) The spike protein of SARS-CoV--a target for vaccine and therapeutic development. Nat Rev Microbiol. 7 (3): 226-36.
- 3. Xiao X, et al. (2004) The SARS-CoV S glycoprotein. Cell Mol Life Sci. 61 (19-20): 2428-30.

PRODUCT USE LIMITATION

These products are intended for research use only.

