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100 rxn

# ACE Script II 1st Strand cDNA RT Kit (+gDNA wiper)

Cat# **EP2012** 50 rxn **EP2013** 

Storage at -20 °C for one year

# **INTRODUCTION**

The ACE Script II Reverse Transcriptase (+gDNA Wiper) is designed for the 1st strand cDNA synthesis with genomic DNA removal treatments. The ACEScript II Reverse Transcriptase is a new generation reverse transcriptase optimized from the M-MLV (RNase H-) Reverse Transcriptase. The half-life of ACE Script II RTase at  $50^{\circ}$ C is > 240 min. Even at  $55^{\circ}$ C, the ACE Script II RTase can stay stable for a long time, which significantly benifits the transcription of RNA templates with complex secondary structures. In addition, the ACE Script II RTase has a improved template affinity and cDNA synthesis efficiency. It has a good resistance to most RT PCR inhibitors and is suitable for long-fragment cDNA amplification (as long as 20 kb).

The residual genomic DNA in RNA template can be removed rapidly and completely after a treatment (42 $^{\circ}$ C for 2 min) with the 4x gDNA Wiper. The 10x RT Mix contains an optimized buffer and dNTPs. The ACE Script II Enzyme Mix contains the ACE Script II Reverse Transcriptase and the RNase inhibitor. The Oligo- (dT)<sub>23</sub>VN has a better affinity to Ploy A<sup>+</sup> RNA than Oligo-(dT)<sub>18</sub>. In addition, random hexamers and gene-specific primers (GSP) are also optional.

#### **CONTENTS**

No	Component	EP2012 50rxn	EP2013 100rxn
FA	RNase-free ddH₂O	1 ml	1 ml
FB	4X gDNA Wiper Mix	200 μΙ	400 μΙ
FC	2X RT buffer Mix <sup>a</sup>	120 μΙ	240 μΙ
FD	ACE Script II Enzyme Mix <sup>b</sup>	100 μΙ	200 μΙ
FE	Oligo-(dT) <sub>23</sub> VN (50 $\mu$ M)	50 μΙ	100 μΙ
FF	Random Hexamers (50ng/μl)	50 μΙ	100 μΙ

a. Contains dNTPs

#### **PROTOCOL**

**Note:** 1. Use high quality total RNA with high integrity for reverse transcription.

2. To avoid RNase contamination, please keep the experiment area clean, wear clean gloves and masks, and use RNase-free tubes and tips.

Primer selection (Oligo-(dT)<sub>23</sub> VN, Random hexamers, or GSP)

A. If the cDNA product will be used for PCR

- For eukaryotic RNA templates, generally, use Oligo-(dT)<sub>23</sub> VN to obtain the highest yield of full-length cDNA.
- Use gene-specific primer (GSP) to obtain the highest specificity. However, switch to Oligo-(dT)<sub>23</sub> VN or random

b. Contains RNase inhibitor

hexamers if GSP fails in the 1st-strand cDNA synthesis.

- Random hexamers with the lowerst specificity can be used for RNA templates, including mRNA, rRNA, and tRNA. Use random hexamers when Oligo-(dT)<sub>23</sub> VN or GSP fails in cDNA synthesis due to complex secondary structure, high GC content, or prokaryotic RNA template.
- B. If the cDNA product will be used for qPCR
- Use the mixture of Oligo-(dT)<sub>23</sub> VN or random hexamers.

### A. If the cDNA product will be used for PCR

A.1: RNA Denaturation: incubate 65℃ for 5 min and then chill on ice immediately for 2 min.

Mix components in a RNase-free PCR tube		
Oligo-(dT) <sub>23</sub> VN (50 μM)	1 μΙ	
or Random Hexamers (50ng/ul)		
or Gene Specific Primer (2 $\mu$ M)		
Total RNA	10 pg -5 μg	
or Poly A+ RNA	10 pg - 500 ng	
RNase-free ddH <sub>2</sub> O	To 12 μl	

Note: RNA denaturation benefits the cDNA yield. However, for cDNA <3 kb, please skip the denaturation step.

A.2 Removal of Genomic DNA : Add 4  $\mu$ l of 4X gDNA Wiper to the mixture of Step 1.1 (12  $\mu$ l), mix thoroughly, and incubate at 42°C for 2 min.

A.3 1<sup>st</sup> Strand cDNA synthesis

PCR tube	
<b>25</b> ℃ <sup>a</sup>	5 min
<b>50</b> °℃ <sup>b</sup>	45 min
<b>85</b> ℃	2 min
	50°C <sup>b</sup>

c. Only necessary when using random hexamers. Please skip this step when using Oligo-(dT)23VN or Gene Specific Primers (GSP).

A.4 The products can be used for PCR immediately or be stored at  $-20^{\circ}$ C for 6 months. However, it is recommended to stored at  $-80^{\circ}$ C and make aliquots to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

d. For templates with complex secondary structure or high GC-content, the temperature can be increased to  $55^{\circ}$ C, which will benefit the yield.

# B. If the cDNA product will be used for qPCR

B.1 Removal of Genomic DNA : Mix the following components in a RNase-free microtube by pipetting, and incubate at  $42^{\circ}$ C for 2 min.

Mix components in a RNase-free PCR tube		
4X gDNA Wiper Mix	4 μΙ	
Oligo- $(dT)_{23}$ VN (50 $\mu$ M)	1 μΙ	
Random Hexamers (50ng/μl)	1 μΙ	
Total RNA	10 pg – 1 μg	
or Poly A+ RNA	10 pg- 100 ng	
RNase-free ddH <sub>2</sub> O	To 16 μl	

## B.2

Mix components in a RNase-free PCR tube		
Mixture of Step B.1	16 μΙ	
10X RT Buffer Mix	2 μΙ	
ACE Script II Enzyme Mix	2 μΙ	

### B.3 1st Strand cDNA synthesis

Condition		
<b>25</b> ℃	5 min	
50°C *	15 min	
<b>85</b> ℃	2 min	

<sup>\*</sup>For templates with complex secondary structure or high GC-content, the temperature can be increased to  $55^{\circ}$ C, which will benefit the yield.

B.4 The products can be used for PCR immediately or be stored at  $-20^{\circ}$ C for 6 months. However, it is recommended to stored at  $-80^{\circ}$ C and make aliquots to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **PRODUCT USE LIMITATION**

These products are intended for research use only.